THE PHANTOM SHIPS.

The little ships, the phantom ships, Mere films of cloudy air, Gu gliding past through light and shade, Through gleams and lustres rare, Or where the moonbeam's silver path Sheds glory o'er the ses, Or where the sanbeam's splendor Bests in its majesty.

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The little ships, the phantom ships, More tiny films of gray, Go sailing, sailing past the oliffs, And past the frothing bay. Are they from East or from the West? From Turkey or from Spain? Or but the shedows of dream-ships Gilding across my brain?

Those phantom ships, the phantom ships, With sailing wings spread gray, Flaunt forth no orimson pennons In chivalrons display; Steer down the channel, past the shoal With no rejoicing cheer, With no resounding cannon, Nor fire-flash glancing clear,

Those phantom ships are like the hopes. Of days long since rolled by;* O'er dreamland seas they glide along, Their gray sails mounting high. Glide on-glide on! ye shadowy fleet, And bear your dead away, Past glittering sands and rampart cliffs, And little frothing bay!

-Walter Thornburn.

CAPT. TODD'S HORSE.

BY F. H. ANGIER.

"You see, Dr. Bragg," observed Capt. Todd, "I want a reg'lar clipper-built hoss. I don't want stiffness and breadth of beam so much as I want a good, clean run. I want a hoss to show off with. ye see

ye see." "Well, sir," said the doctor, patting on the neck a vicious-looking animal which he held by the bridle, "if you want a smart horse, I can't recommend a better animal than this. Just look at those heels. Hi! don't go near'em. As I told you, I've three horses that I want to sell; but, if you want a horse that will go, this mare is just the beast for you.

"You see," said the captain confiden-tially, "I don't know much about hosses. I'm a seafaring man. Followhosses. I'm a seararing man. Follow-ed the sea man an' boy, nigh thirty-five years. Now I'm going to settle down on shore, an' I'm looking around for a wife. I don't mind telling you that I'm sorter countin' the Widow that I'm sorter countin' the Widow Bunn. Now, the widow is mighty fond of a good fast hoss, an' there's an-other feller, Sam Bliss—perhaps you know him—that's shinin' round the widow too. Sam's got a first-rate horse and takes the widow to ride a good deal. Now if I don't get something better than Sam's got I won't stand any show, for the widow will be sure to ride with the man that's got the

you, sir!" The genwo steps sergeant's beast. Just see how her ears are laid was misback listening. If you find her getting lazy, just touch her up with the whip, and she'll climb, I can tell you." d at the show a general , emphat-

"Well," said the captain, "if she's all you say she is, bring her around to-night, and turn her into my pasture, and to-morrow I'll hitch her up in my new buggy, and give her a trial." The next afternoon Capt. Todd ran

for expedition at such times was one of the widow's many virtues. The captain helped her in, and the mare trotted placidly off, while Bill Tyke sat behind, with his legs hanging over Th the "stern" of the wagon. The young man's first razor-father's It was a deleghtful drive. The mare's head was turned away from home, and she behaved herself much boot. better than the captain had expected The sun was setting as they turned about to go home, and as the evening shadows began to fall the captain be-gan to grow tender. Gradually his arm slipped about the widow's waist. Droppet about the the widow's waist.

Promptly she removed it. "Capt. Todd," she exclaimed, "you must not, I cannot allow it." She glanced backward at Bill Tyke, who still sat, dangling his heels over the tailboard, in blissful unconscious-

"Oh, don't mind him," said the cap-tain. "He don't see nothing."

TERMS--One Dollar and Fifty Cents per Annum,

VOL. IX.

"It isn't that," said the widow, blush ing, "but-I suppose I ought to tell you -in fact I don't know that I ought to have come to ride with you at all -because-because-" "'Cause what?" asked the captain.

"Because I am engaged to be mar-

"Engaged" roared the captain. "Blast my top-lights! Who to?" "To Mr. Samuel Bliss." "Heavens and earth!" yelled the cap-

tain, giving the mare a savage cut with the whip; but he had no opportunity to add more, for the mare made a bolt as though about to jump out of her

any show, for the widow will be sure to ride with the man that's got the fastest horse, don't you see." The doctor nodded affirmatively. "I see," he said, "I see. Well, I think the mare will suit you. She's a knowing beast. Just see how her ears are laid

Trifles. Whiskey will pick an Indian's scalp

Theodore Thomas is too quick in all his movements. He beats time. A bright youth has discovered that the game of 15 is "a trick with a hole in it."

The most difficult thing to raise on the farm is the hired man who sleeps

in the kitchen loft. It wouldn't be exactly the thing to call chestnuts eggs because they are burred fruit, would it?

"Kind words can never die." A man never realizes this fact so fully as when he is sued for breach of promise

Pat-"Moike, did iver ye see a win-

Youthful Vaqueros. ed in the north of the great comet discovered in the southern hemisphere last month. The comet passed re-A gentleman who lives on the Stanis-

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

"ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY."

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, APR. 1, 1880.

man and seven women-dressed in a peculiar uniform, with red bands But this is not all. On the ranch is a large bottom of undergrowth, in which roam hundreds of wild hogs. Of around their hats and an inscription in when he is sued for breach of promise and has his love letters printed. On the gate leading to a house in the rural section of Philadelphia is the suggestive placard: "Nothing wanted but milk and the morning paper." Pat—"Moike did iver ve see a win Pat—"Moike did iver ve see a win skillfully handle, dash headlong after names and title were: G. S. Railton, Commissioner for America; and Sisters Captain Westbrook, and Lieuten-

ants Coleman, Evans, Morris, Pearson, Shaw and Price. They attracted much attention by their singing, prayes and religious services while in Castle Gar-

Pat—"Moike, did iver ye see a win-ter loike this wan?" Mike—"Indade I did." Pat—"Whin?" Mike—"Lasht summer, shure, and begone to ye!" Suggestion by the Danbury News "When you have got through using your puzzles, give them to the poor. We must get rid of the poor some way." An exchange praises a very large egg which it says was "laid on our table by the Rev. Dr. Smith." Brother Smith seems to be a layman as well as a preacher.

The Greedy Paper-Makers.

NO. 29.

Invariably in Advance.--Single Copies Five Cents.

A gentleman who lives on the Stanis-laus river, close te its junction with the San Joaquin, told a *Mail* reporter this morning what he pever would have believed had he not known his informant to be entirely trustworthy. He said that near his place are a boy and girl, the former about twelve and the other fourteen years of age, who frequently jump into the saddle in the morning and ride allday among droves of wild cattle which would surely gore them to death should they become un-seated. Both carry lariats, and if they be y the head and the girl by the feet, after which the ears and brisket are du-ly cut. But this is not all. On the ranch is But this is not all. On the ranch is The question of the abolition of the

received a letter on the subject from Edwin Cowles, Esq., editor of the Cleveland Leader. It is well understood that Mr. Cowles expresses the views of a vast majority of the pub-lishers of Ohio and the neighboring States, and that his statements are not in the least exaggerated. Following is the letter in full:

The whip: but he had no opportunity to add more, for the mare made a bolt to jump puzzles gives them to the poor some made a bolt to jump puzzles gives them to the poor some made a bolt to jump puzzles gives them to the poor some made a bolt to jump puzzles gives them to the poor some made a bolt to jump puzzles gives them to the poor some made a bolt to jump puzzles gives them to the poor some made a bolt to jump puzzles gives them to the poor some made a bolt to jump poor carled along for the way.
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American Commerce

As respects our commerce, it is again advancing. During the year 1877 the arrivals and clearances in our foreign and coastwise commerce, according to the Bureau of Statistics, exceeded 88,-000,000 tons, and were quite equal to the arrivals and clearances in the ports of Great Britan and Ireland. In our foreign commerce the foreign flag pre-dominated, but in our coastwise trade which now reaches to California, and exceeds the foreign trade of England, the shipping was entirely American, so that more than 69,000,000 tons of it, including repeated voyages, were our so that more than 69,000,000 tons of it, including repeated voyages, were our own. Assuming the value of our shipping to be forty dollars per ton, and the average value of the cargo per ton to equal that of the vessel, the aggregate of American property exposed on the oceans in each year reaches \$5,572,000,-000; and if we add for American prop-erty in foreign bottoms but \$500,000,-000, the whole property thus exposed exceeds \$6,000,000,000. To protect this vast amount of prop-erty, in which the whole country is interested, and more especially the West and South, which furnish or con-sume most of our cargoes, we have ex-

west and south, which furnish of con-sume most of our cargoes, we have ex-pended yearly on our decrepit navy, including repairs, wages, and salaries, some \$17,000,000, or for the insurance of such property against piracy and war less than three tenths of one per

war less than three tenths of one per cent. per annum. Again, we have in our sea-board cities property exceeding \$4,000,000,000, according to the assessor's valuation, exposed to foreign iron-clads, some of which can throw Palliser shells of al to take action on the subject by threatening that if an attempt to take off the duty be made, they will add all sorts of amendments to the bill, and interfere with general legislation by proposing a wide variety of changes in the existing tariff law. Gen. Garfield, who is a member of the Ways and Means Committee, has received a letter on the subject from ance is but a sixth of one per cent.

As now applied, this is inadequate for the purpose, and our nation, with its vast commerce and revenue, can well afford a aufficient premium. The question then arises, How can such premium of insurance be best used? The answer is, In the the creation and maintenance of an efficient navy, the

000 miles. The pastor of the Presbyterian Church of Deposit, N. Y., preaches from a pulpit in Delaware county to an audience in Broome county. The county line runs between the minister's desk and the pews. The first horned cattle brought to America were imported by Columbus in 1492. In 1750 the best dairy farms of Rhode Island contained upwards of 100 cows, and sold 13,000 pounds of cheese, besides butter, bullocks and calves. Nutmeg in the quantity of two or three drachms has been known to produce both stapor and delirium; and dangerous and fatal consequences are said to have followed its free use in India. Mace, which is the outside covering of the nutmeg, possesses essentially the same properties. THE American Association of Nurserymen, Florists and Seedsmen will hold its annual meeting in Chicago June 16-18, the headquarters being the Grand Pacific Hotel. The annual membership fee is two dollars, which entitles members to a copy of the re-port and proceedings of the meet-Carolina, no mean antagonist. The son of a revolutionary hero who had fallen a victim to British cruelty, high-of Brooklyn Bridge has been awarded of Brooklyn Bridge has been awarded to he proprietor of the Hayform, fascinating deportment, and a well-trained, mellifluous voice, the haughty South Carolinian entered the about 1,100,000 feet of vellow pine about 1,100,000 feet of yellow pine, which will be first thoroughly dried and then charged with creosote under pressure. A Norwegian paper states that some fishermen, on the 12th of February, found off the coast of an island on the western coast of Norway a damaged railway car, with the words "Edinburgh and Glasgow Railway" painted on it. It is supposed to be one of the car separated from the train which met with the disaster on the Tay Bridge. The Andersonville graveyard, as described by a recent visitor, is an unfrequented spot, except for travelers from the North, among whom are many veterans who were prisoners in the stockade. There are 13,715 graves, of which about 1,000 are marked "Un-known." There is a surrounding wall of solid brick, and the place is kept neat by a resident superintendent under government pay. Part of the stockade is still standing, but nothing remains of the prison, and the site is covered by bushes. There is no trace of the famous brook, nor any mark of the wells dug by the prisoners.

the mare the previous evening. Bill Tyke was the captain's right hand man. He had sailed with the captain all his life, and now that the former had retired from active duty, Bill had retir-ed with him, and undertaken to learn the art of farming. In appearance he was much like what the immortal Bunsby might have been, and he was not much the inferior of that worthy in taciturnity or oracular wisdom. The captain and his factotum cir-

umnavigated the pasture and "bore down" upon the mare persuasively from the windward. But the intelligent animal saw them coming and lattened her ears. The captain was almost within reach when she threw up her head, changed ends and cantered away to the farther end of the field. The captain swore a round oath and divided his forces. Bill Tyke was sent to coast cautiously around the fence while the captain lay "off and on" in the offing. But it was that game the mare understood best. She trotted leisurely around the pasture, keeping tantalizingly out of reach and resisting all the blandishments offered her in the shape of wheedling words and ears of corn.

The captain and Bill Tyke both fell-to swearing, and followed the beast around for an hour. At last, with consummate generalship, they succeeded in cornering her, and as she tried to rush between them both sprang at her

The captain was successful and hung on like grim death, but Bill Tyke failed to secure a satisfactory grip, and was kicked head over heels into a dragged a hundred yards before he managed to "board" the beast, but at last he found himself on her back, tear-ing across the pasture and bounding a foot in the air at every jump. The foot in the air at every jump. The mare made straight for the bars, went over them, and finally came te a halt in the captain's dooryard. The cap-tain slipped off in an exausted con-dition, and drove his new purchase into the barn.

The operation of harnessing was one equiring all the seamanship of both he captain and Bill Tyke to successfully performed. The uses of various straps, buckles, and "belaying pins" were the subject of several animated discussions before the harness was finaly adjusted. When all was complete, Bill Tyke cruised round the wagon several times, and observed that the "darned thing was all right, any-

"Then," said the captain, "jest put that old boat anchor into the buggy, with about three fathoms of stout line, an' you get in behind. Darn ye," he continued, addressing the mare, "if ye play a trick like that again, I'll fix ye,"

Bill marched off to the tool house and returned, carrying an iron keelock and a coil of inch manilla rope. To one end of this line he fastened the an-chor. The other, by the captain's direction, he tied by a double hitch to the rear axle of the wagon. "Now," said the captain, "jump in, Bill. I'll make the old vixen hum when we get the widow in." To the captain's great delight the widow was at home. Bill marched off to the tool ho

his bright new wagon out of the barn, and throwing a halter over his arm summoned Bill Tyke and proceeded to the pasture, where the doctor had left The widow relieved here is a

turned the corner. The captain extri-cated himself from the widow's petti-A gentleman in Scotland sends the coats and threw his arms around the following: "Among other fishes which came to our baits, my daughters caught upon their long line a skate weighing one hundred and thirty-two

"All hands on deck!" shouted the captain. 'Ay, ay, sir," responded Bill Tyke.

pounds. Inside the skate was a cod-"Let go the anchor," screamed the captain

wagon seat.

first mate:

I did my dooty."

"The sea, Bill, is our proper spear. We know more about sailin' vessels than we do about drivin' horses."

fish weighing fourteen pounds, and in-side the codfish a plaice weighing about one pound. As there was a hook in-Bill Tyke raised the keelock in his arms and flung it overboard. It bound-

knees, tearing up the ground as she went; while the widow, the captain and Bill Tyke shot up into the air about six feet and alighted in a semi-The meanest man lives in Fond du Lac, and his name is Captain Mangan. A few days ago a poor, unsophisticated corn doctor struck that town and becorn doctors that stand on a dry-goods box on a street-corner with a lighted torch, and plead for suffering humanity ward. The captain again follows the ea, for, as he often remarks, to his

man, and his conversational powers were rare and of a high order. In his commissary department-and got shot full of holes and maimed for

An amusing scene occured at a men-agerie on exhibition in a little German town. A crowd of people st od about the elephants, and greatly admired them. While their attention was thus occupied, the largest of the animals quietly investigated the pockets in the sacque of a lady. All he found was a drayer-book. After holding it up a-toft for a minute and examining it, he seemed satisfied about its being ortho-dox and swallowed it.

Colton.

ed Bill Tyke. The road thus far had been straight; but at the foot of the long hill was the lane that led to the doctor's barn, and the captain surmised that at their present rate of speed the entire party would get out about the time the mare turned the corner. The captain extri-cated himself from the widow's petti-

a big tooth from the hippopotamus; second, operating on the base of the tusk of the big elephant; third, taking a horse's leg bone out of the lion's mouth.—Land and Water.

THE LOST AMBRIL.—"There!" she cried, in an excited voice; "I should like to know what's become of that ambril. I sot it up agin the counter when I came in, and afore I could turn when I came in, and afore I could turn when I came in, and afore I could turn when I came in, and afore I could turn truths, but usually quarrel among themselves.—Daniel Webster. The wing wherewith we fly to heaven.—Shakespeare. Falsehoods not only disagree with truths, but usually quarrel among themselves.—Daniel Webster. The wing wherewith we fly to heaven.—Shakespeare. The wing wherewith we fly to heaven.—Shake

ma'am?" asked the polite clerk in his blankest tones. "A spick and span new gingbam, young man," was the eager response, "with an iv'ry handle on't, and a—" "Like the one in your hand, ma'am, for instance?" "Sakes alive!" she exclaimed. And one can a business career. He was one of might have thought she saw a serpent rather than her own "spick and span gingham," with its "iv'ry handle" clutched fast in her hand. She colored up like a druggist's wirdow, and went off amidst unintelligible excuses. She never felt so flustered in all her born ays, as she told Jemima Ann when she got home.

THE LEMMING. — The Norwegian lemming is an animal about the size of a mouse. They live under stones in the summer, under snow in the winter. They hiss and bite. About once in ten years the mission in the size of the store of t lost.-Channing. ten years they migrate in large armies. They march in a straight line. Cross lakes and rivers. Go straight through hay stacks rather than go around.

Nothing stops them, not fire, cascades nor swamps. If a man stands in the way they will jump at him as high as his knee. If struck they will turn around and bark and bite like a do Foxes, lynxes, owls, hawks and wear els will follow them and destroy larg numbers of them, but it does not check them. They continue their course until they reach the sea, into which they plunge, as persistent and pro-gressive as over, until the waves exter-minate them

exclamed Bill Tyke, in evident alurn, "rote the captain speed."
 "Hold your grandmother," replied the captain speed."
 "Hold your grandmother," replied the captain speed."
 The widow roi beven them out." Wife- the captain speed.
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 "An exchange beads an article. "How many sp

his State and himself mercilessly attacked by General Hayne, of South ly educated, with a slender, graceful Unlike the sun, intellectual lumina-

ries shine brightest after they set .-lists of the political tournament like Saladin to oppose the Yankee Cœur de He is not only idle who does nothing. Lion. but he is idle who might be better em-When Mr. Webster went to the sen-Ignorance is the curse of God; knowl-edge is the wing wherewith we fly to heaven.—Shakespeare.

when I came in, and alter I could turn truths, but usually quarret among addience, he wore on that day the sound, it's gone—and it was only a themselves.—Daniel Webster. Mondav that I gin four and six fort!" A sound discretion is not so much indicated by never making a mistake as by never repeating it.—Boree.

indicated by never making a mistake as by never repeating it.—*Bovee*. Example is more forcible than pre-cept. People look at my six days in the week to see what I mean on the seventh.—*Cecil*. It is better to indge between stran-the most control of the benefits to be derived from publicity, and he had sent a request to Mr. Gales to report what he was to say himself, rather than to send one of his stenographers. It is better to judge between stran-gers than between intimates; for by the first one is sure to gain a friend, and by the other an enemy.— $Bi\delta s$. Too great carelessness, equally with excess in dress, multiplies the wrinkles of old age and makes its decay the more conspicuous.—Bruyere. The most graphic account of the scene in the senate-chamber during the deliv-ery of the speech was subsequently written virtually from Mr. Webster's dictation. Perhaps, like Mr. Healey's dicture, it is rather high-colored. Sheridan, after his forty days' prep-aration, did not commence his scath-ing immeachment of Warsen Heatings

ing impeachment of Warren Hastings Precept is instruction written in the ing impeachment of Warren Hastings with more confidence than was dis-played by Mr. Webster when he stood up, in the pride of his manhood, and began to address the interested mass of talent, intelligence, and beauty a-round him. A man of commanding sand-the tide flows over it and the record is gone. Example is engraven on the rock, and the lesson is not soon

I call, therefore, a complete and gen-erous education that which fits a man resence, with a well knit, sturdy to perform justly, skillfully, and mag-nanimously, all the offices, both pri-vate and public, of peace and war.frame, swarthy features, a broad, thoughtful forehead, courageous eyes gleaming from beneath shaggy eye-brows, a quadrangular breadth of jaw-

The persons whose clothes are exbone, and a mouth which bespoke strong will, he stood like a sturdy Roundhead sentinel on guard before The persons whose clothes are ex-tremely fine I am too apt to consider as not being possessed of any superior-ity of fortune, but resembling those Indians who are found to wear all the gold they have in a bob at the end of the nose.—Oliver Goldsmith.

the gates of the constitution. Hold-ing in profound contempt what is termed spread eagle oratory, his only gesticulations were up and pown mo-tions of his arms, as if he was beating A tender conscience is like the apple of a min's eye,—the least dust in it af-fects it. There is no surer and better way to know whether our consciences are dead and stupid than to observe what impression small sins make upon them.—Samuel Hopkins.

As a big buzz saw in a Suffolk (Va.) sawmill was tearing through a large log, suddenly there was a crash, a shower of sparks, and a demolished saw. It had run into a pieces of a shell that during the war had been im-bedded in the tree, and afterward hidden by the bark, which closed over it.

A young negro, seven feet high, has recently been posing in Hartford as a Zulu chief. A theological student ad-Zulu chief. "A theological student ad-dressed him in the Zulu language, but could not make himself understood. This would seem to "give away" either the theological student or the Zulu

As I approve of a youth that has something of the old man in him, so I

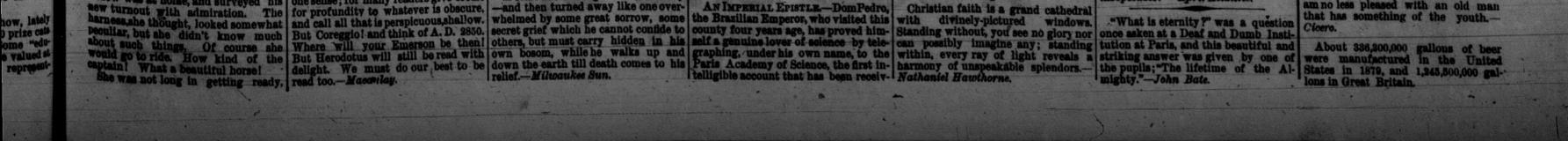
those innocent-minded, unsuspicious and twenty-five cents. He had no idea there were base, designing men in the world, or he would have entered the mixistry and tried lead them to better life. He was a very beautiful young

a idience, one evening, was this Cap-tain Mangan we were telling about, who was all through the war-not "Speak for yourself, cap'n," Bill al-ways replies. "At my end of the wagen

An amusing scene occured at a men-agerie on exhibition in a little German town. A crowd of people stc od about The cartain told the corn doctor that

Bill. I'll make the old vixen hum when we get the widow in." To the captain's great delight the vidow was at home, and surveyed his tow turnout with add surveyed his

unconscious condition amid the wreck and debris of what had been the wagon. It was the end of Capt. Todd's courtship. The wagon was an indisting-uishable mass of kindling-wood; the mare had broken both fore legs and required to be shot, and the widow kept her bed for three weeks after-



CHELSEA HERALD. CHELSEA, APRIL 1st, 1880.

Proclamation.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 9, Act 190, of the Session Laws of market prices. It has been a qu 1877, approved May 22, 1877, I, James P. Wood, President of the Village of Chelses, itous, Vinous or Malt Liquors, on Legislature; and I hereby direct Marshals, Constables and Police Officers, to close all

houses or places violating the provisions

as the Law directs. Dated Chelsea, April 1st, 1880.

JAMES P. WOOD, President.

der the constitution or laws thereof, and

it shall be the duty of all mayors of cities, lations of the same will subject the offender to prompt and speedy punishment, and re-quiring sheriffs; marshals, constables, and police officers, to close, and it shall be the (Pa.) Advertiser.

duty of such officers to close, all houses or places found violating the provisions of this act, and to report forthwith all viola-tions of this act to the prosecuting attorney and mayor, president or supervisor afore-said, and whose duty it shall be to imme-

diately prosecute such violations of this act. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of misdemeanor, and upon fine of not less than theaty-five dollars nor nore than one hundred dollars and costs of in one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, and failing to pay such fine and costs shall be imprisoned in the county jail not less than ten days nor more than minety days, or both such fine and imprison-ment, in the discretion of the court.—Laws 1877, page 207.

Correspondence.

CHELSEA, March 27th, 1880. dissatisfaction having arisen among some of the people of our town, concerning the disposition of the funds raised at our masquerade ball, we, the members of the band. think it proper, and perhaps necessary, that we make a statement of the financial af- Mich. fairs of the Chelsea Cornet Baud. The following is a list of the receipts and expend- the HERALD office. itures :--

Instruments 2990 00

A FORTUNATE CONCERN,-Last Novem er and December, when Dry Goods of all kinds commenced to rise in value, Mr. Field, of Jackson Bee Hive fame, began buying on a liberal scale, and the lofts of that store are filled with all kinds of domestic Dry Goods, bought at an average of fully thirty per cent. less than present with people every day in the week, why

prices are lower at Field's than elsewhere. do hereby give due warning to the inhabi-Understanding the above facts, the questants of said Village, that it is unlawful for tion is easily answered. Goods bought at any person to sell, barter, or give away, low prices can be sold at prices that seem very reasonable to customers, and yet pay the day of any election, held within this a fair profit to the seller. We understand State; and Phereby notify all persons that that of some kinds of goods, Mr. Field has any violations of said law, within the lim- enough on hand at the lower prices to last its of said Village of Chelsea, will subject through the entire Spring trade, even if the them to the penalties of said Act of the demand should be on a larger scale than

OLD and young, rich and poor, all unite of said Act, and to report forthwith all in testifying to the true merit of Dr. Bull's violations of said Law to the Prosecuting Cough Syrup. For over a quarter of a Attorney of Washtenaw County, and to century it has proyen itself a true, tried me, that the offenders may be dealt with and trusted friend. Price 25 cents.

> REMEMBER you can get old newspapers at this office at 5c. per dozen

SECTION 9. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, barter, or give away, any s, viritous, vinous, or malt liquors, on the day of any election held within this State, BE not deceived by imitations of Hall's

PALATABLE MEDICINES .- Aver's Cherry presidents of villages, and supervisors of townships, within five days previous to the day of election, as aforesaid, to issue a proclamation, warning the inhabitants of the provisions of this act, and that all viohealth, and expels disease .---- Waterford

> JOHNSTON'S Sarsaparilla cures Sich Headache. Johnston's Sarsaparilla is used by everybody. Sold by W. R. Reed & Co.,

"BUSINESS PRINCIPLES." -- When you want something to attend strictly to business, and cure a cough or cold in the head, sample bottle at 10 cents. For sale by v9-13-y

The proof of the pudding is in eating it." We CALL at this office for your neat and cheap printing. Job printing done in the latest styles of the art, Book printing a have several times had the pleasure of compar-

ing our Prices with some of their's, with parties MOTHERS, try Dr. Derby's Croup Mix ture, it is guaranteed to cure croup in all ture, it is guaranteed to cure croup in all its forms, and is the best and cheapest who had bought; and we have always found Medicine in the market for Coughs, Colds, and Dyptheria, and all throat and lung

troubles. Only 50 cents a bottle. Try it. For sale by W. R. Reed & Co., Chelsea, v9-4-6m

EVERY variety of Job Printing done a

Nor so BAD .- The agony of Neuralgia,

using Dr. Fenner's Golden Relief. It also



We wish to proclaim to the People of this Vicinity that, notwithstanding the report so industriously circulated by some of our competitors to the effect that our Stock of

Boots and Shoes Was bought after the Advance, and consequently very much higher than their's; and, notwithstanding the Enormous Advance which, on the average, will probably amount to 5 or 7 cents per pair, We will

I am pleased to say that I can number many of you among my regular customers, and I am now working harder than ever to make it an object for you to buy all your DRY GOODS at THE BEE MYE. I am aware that the impression is a general one that there is but little truth in advertisements. Do not class us all together, but prove us by our works. From time to time, during the season for Spring

TO

v9-29

and Summer trade, I shall make announcements in this paper in relation to my business, and I desire you to understand that I make them as facts. When you try me, and prove that this is not so, I will make no claim to your confidence in the fature. I do not believe in loud talk, but in doing just as I advertise.

A CARD.

THE READERS OF

JOURNAL.

Very Respectfully, Yours, L. H. FIELD.

JACKSON, MICHIGAN.

Interest Foreign from

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Which leaves the band in debt, to /

each of its-13 members, \$ 32 85 readily cures Rheumatism, Backache, Kid-The above does not include music, wood, ney Disease, Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, lights, and other incidentals, which would Burns, Bruises, etc. Try a sample bottle amount to, at least, \$50. The net earnings at 10c. For sale by Glazier & Armstrong of the masquerade was \$100,-seventy-five Chelsea, Mich. v9-18-1y

dollars of which was divided among the members, according to Article 13, of the By-laws, which reads, "All moneys earned office at 5 cents per dozen. by the Association shall be equally distributed among the members, after the debts are paid." (Signed,)

M. W. BUSH, Secretary.

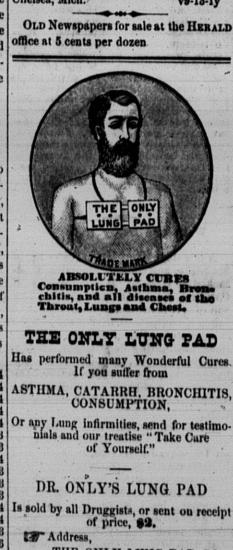
Republican County Convention.

A Republican County Convention to elect sixteen delegates to the State Convention, to be held at Detroit, on Wednesday, May 12th, 1880, at 11 o'clock A. M., to elect delegates to the Republican National Convention, to be held at Chicago, June 2d, 1880, and to transact such other business as may properly come before it, will be held at the Court House, in the City of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday, April 14th 1880, at 12 o'clock M. The several cities and townships will be entitled to delegates in the County Convention, as follows: Ann Arbor Township.

	Che	- First	W		
	City			AN CARDON CONTRACTOR	The local design of the second
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The nor	ninat	tion of ca	ndid	ates for	Pres.

ident and Vice-President being the ultimate object of the above convention, the committee deem it of the first importance that as full an expression of the people as cossible should be obtained. With this view they suggest that, if convenient, the several cities and townships elect delegates t, the County Convention, at their respec tive city or township caucuses, at which the city or township officers are to be nominated, and that notice thereof be embraced in the call for the respective caucuses Fully realizing that upon the results of the coming Presidential election may depend the stability and success of the Republic, if not indeed the existence of Civil Liberty, we cordially invite all who place country above party, love liberty and hate oppres-sion, to meet and act with us.

A. J. SAWYER, Chairman, P. ALLEN.



THE ONLY LUNG PAD CO.

At Wholesale by Farrand, Williams & Co., T. H. Hinchman & Sons, and Swift & Dodds, Detroit, Mich. [v9-21-3m



The true antidote to the effects of mis A wing-glass-ful three times a day



MANY

AND

12,U

Stock is every Dollars Worth FRESH and NET We have no Old Goods to put off on the Peop We went upon the MARKET at the Dullest Se son of the Year, and BOUGHT NEARLY

TIMES

Worth of

For Spot Cash; And It IS A FACT, which we stand ready to prove, that we OWN OUT

STOCK AT LOWER FIGURES, than any merchant in this place. And this is not only true of

BOOTS & SHOES, EVERY VARIETY OF

We Carry; and while we do not wish to Brag and Bluster, we do wis Distinctly Understood that We Will NOT BE UNDERSOLD. We Invite Comparison, and DEFY COMPETITION.

P. S.-All GOODS Marked in PLAIN FIGURES, and no Deviation. We Mean BUSINESS. Come and see if we don't Prove the Truth of Every Word we

Yours, Respectfully,

w. ole. ea-			AVLORD AVLORD CAVLORD		Flgin D. P
	connection direct and Michigan braska, Co kota, Man trains mak Chicago w Western 1 low as th this Spring	higan Central s at Chicago, desirable rou to all, points blorado, Texa itoba, etc. e sure and el ith through es ines. Rates e lowest. Pe will find it t	affords the ite of trav in Kanss s, Minness Michigan ose connec opress train will alway arties goin o their int	he most el from as, Ne- ota, Da- Central tions at as on all rs be as g West terest to	WATC REPAIRING -S this branch of the guaranteed, at the tablishment, Sout
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DS 14 11	VIOLESAI LAND VIOLESAI	ARLES F. ARLES F. B DRUGGIST, T STREET, No n	RISLEY No. 64 OW York	COURT-	The VIGOR cle and prevents the and, by its cool soothing properti- all of the humor to the scalp, keep soft, under which the scalp and hair
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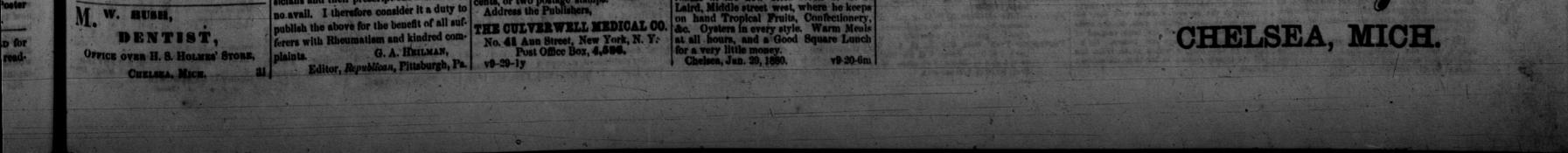
Dr. J. C. AVER & CO., Lowell, Mar leal and Ans D BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWEET v9-8-1y

merican, Detroit Fire Fire Associ

OFFICE :







NEWS OF THE WEEK.

MICHIGAN.

The new Board of Regents met at the University Tuesday evening and transacted th ine business

The Hev. Biebard Brass, rector of the Episor al church in Alpens, died Tuesday morning for a short illness. The cause of the illne as nervous prostration, which brought of affammation of the brain. He went fro contact to Alpens about eighteen months as

a & Rons' stave factory at Bliasfield, d Tuesday morning. Loss two thousand undred dollars. Some shops adjoining her with Joseph Brockway's residence, also. Insured. The fire is supposed to been incendiary.

Presday afternoon Thomas H. Melanio's iel, four miles east of Lapeer, caught fire m a defective chimney and burned to the und with most of its contents. Loss estited at \$4,000.

About noon Tuesday a fire started on the nill premises of J. H. Pearson & Son, Saginaw Nity, burning the drill house, grocery store and tock, cooper shop, blacksmith shop and a uantity of staves. About 2 o'clock the fire roke out again and destroyed another drill ouse. The total loss is estimated at \$15,000, ith \$5,500 insurance.

Mr. Bell, postmaster, express agent and own treasurer at Oxford, had his safe robbed, probably during Tuesday night. The total amount taken is more than two thousand dol-ars, including one thousand five hundred dol-ars belonging to the township of Oxtord, and hive hundred doltar package directed to H. &

The twenty-first annual commencement of the law department of the University took place Wednesday morning in University Hall. The annual address to the graduating class was given by Judge Campbell of the Supreme

The total receipts of the University from Notober 17 to March 20 were \$58,404, and the inducements \$106,614. The estimated re-eipts for the balance of the college year anding June 30 are \$75,800, and estimated alance on hand at that time is about twenty

Tuesday night some unknown person fired two pistol shots at Prosecuting Attorney Haire, of Jackson, while that official was in his office. Neither shot took effect. The motive of the assassin is a mystery, and there is little clue to his identity.

In the United States district court at Grand Rapids, Allison Dennison, of Charlotte, was sentenced to two years in the Jackson prison for passing a counterfeit \$10 United States treasury note.

A man recently died near Grand Haven known by the name of Norman Burnette. Be-fore his death he confessed to his physician that his real name was Norman B. Cross and that he killed a negro by striking him on the head with an axe near Bichmond, Va., in the fall of 1875.

fall of 1875. An incendiary fire destroyed the railroad de-pot and part of the Village of Sand Lake, thir-ty miles north of Grand Bapids, on Friday. The fire began in a justice office and destroyed it, also a meat market and dwelling house owned by W. Oronkhite. Loss, \$7,000; no in-surance. Three shingle sheds, with two mill ion and a hälf of shingles, were destroyed, en-tailing a loss of over three thousand dollars, of which J. E. Yale loses two thousand, and P. Haifley and Z. V. Cheney over one thousand dollars; no insurance. The loss on the depot is one thousand, five hundred dollars, on which there was no insurance. The village records were burned. Augustus F. Lewis, book-keeper in the freight office, lost his life trying to save the books in the depot. The civil suit for \$10,000 damages, brought

The civil suit for \$10,000 damáges, brought by James M. Goodell against John N. Inger-soll, of the Shiawassee American, for calling him an idiotic candidate for office, in the fall of 1878, was finished Friday, the jury bringing in a verdict of six cents for plaintiff after be-ing out but a few minutes.

A stock company with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars has been organized in Big Rapids for the purpose of building a

trial of the Rev. Mr. Reid, which had been in progress before an ecclesiastical court at Greenville for several days, ended Saturday morning in a verdict of guilty, and he is sus-pended from the ministry until the Michigan Conference in September approve or disap-prove of the findings of the court. He was charged with falsehoods and unchristian con-

MISCELLANEOUS. otal arrival of immigration 12,720, more much up to the 23d, reached 12,720, more puble the number for the same month ar. Between three and four thousand own to be on the way here. The major own to be on the same Germans.

of the newcomers are

The small-pox amongst horses in Quebec in-creases. The St. John street railway company has stopped running in consequence. One million feet of 'lumber in the yard of Paine & Co., at the Northern Pacific junction, at St. Paul, burned Monday night. Insurance

The house of representatives of Rhode Island has adopted resolutions, by a vote of 48toll. ubmitting to the electors a proposition for a amendment to the constitution giving woool auffrage.

By the will of the late Gen, Wm, Badger Tib-bitts of Troy, N. Y., one hundred thousand dollars is bequesthed with which to build a soldiers' home in Troy, conditional upon fifty thousand dollars additional being secured within five years.

The interior department has been informed that a large number of Sitting Bull's band have applied at Fort Peek for rations, offering to surrender their arms and ponics. These surrenders Secretary Schurz says will have to be made to millitary posts.

While a party of laborers were at work in a sewer on East Sixth street, Cincinnati, Thurs-day evening, at a point where they were tan-neling in a sandy formation, the earth filled and buried two men, James Barrett and Tim Welsh. Welsh was taken out alive, but Bar-rett had died from sufficient when his body

The Bhode Island senate has rejected th

ment to the censtitution, giv proposed amendment to the constitution, giv-ing school suffrage to women, by a vote of 13

Within the past ten days fully twenty con-verts to Mormonism have passed through Catt-lettaburg, Ky., on their way to Utah. They come from Lawrence Co., where for a year past Mormon missionaries have been laboring. Among the converts was a young and hand-some married woman who left her husband behind.

The piano-makers' strike in New York City s virtually ended.

Ten small buildings in Superior City, Wis., noluding the postoffice and Sheridan House, were burned Friday. No insurance; loss not

A gun fell from the hands of Mr. Bou living in the Town of Waverly, Rice Co., Minn., Friday, and the bullet, passing through the door, pierced the heart of a daughter, 18 years door, pierced the heart or a dau old. She died in ten minutes.

A San Andreas, Cal., dispatch says that two Mexicans, Norieza and Urdano, were found shot dead near that town Saturday morning. Norieza was a well known desperado, having killed four men. No clue to the murderer.

A disastrous fire started Saturday morning in the warehouse next to Tackberry, Van Ken-ner & Floyd's wholesale grocery Sioux City, Ia. The stock, valued at about \$40,000, was all burned. Insurance about \$27,000. The burn-ed building cost \$12,000 and was insured for \$4,000. Total loss, \$65,000.

The United States ship Constellation left the navy yard at New York, Saturday morning with

navy yard at New York, Saturday morning with supplies for the Irish poor. While the steamer Guiding Star was making a landing at Cairo, Illinois, Saturday morning, three men fell overboard. Two were drowned, and the third (a white man) was struck by a

and the third (a white man) was struck by a wheel, breaking his leg and arm. His recovery is doubtful. Names unknown. A dispatch from Cohees, N. K., says the strike in Harmony mills has become general, and five thousand workmen are in the streets. The excitement is great. The Harmony mills The excitement is great. The Harmony mills are equipped with two hundred and seventy-five thousand spindles, sixty-two thousand looms. They give employment to five thou-sand operatives, among whom one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars are distrib-uted every four weeks.

A fire broke out in the boiler room of the Ponemah mills, at Taftville, Conn., Monday night. Eight streams of water were got on the fire without effect. At 12 o'clock a steamer and two hose carriages were sent from Nor-wich to aid in extinguishing the fire before it

Barfield (Rep., O.) moved to I so as to refer the bill to the refer the bill to the committe mans. After a short debate flity of the motion, the speak whereupon Mr. Nicholls (Dem lay the motion on the tabl to lay the motion on the table , yeas 118, nays 117, nearly s party is rest of the day was taken with dis-nd motions over the question but aching a conclusion

arch 24.—In the Senate the bill incorporat the mational educational association was m up, and opposed by Mr. Carpenter (Rep.) as monatizational

Wie.) as unconstitutional. Mr. Carpenter (Rep., Wis.) submitted a re-solution requesting the President, if not in-compatible with public interests, to commu-nicate to the senate any correspondence not heretofore published between the United States and Spain in regard to the fulfillment by the United States of the requirements of the ninth article of the treaty of 1819 between the United States and Spain. Adopted. In the House the discussion over the refer-ence of Mr. Townshend's bill was resumed, and Mr. McLane's (Dem., Md.) proposition was read, as follows: Whereas. The house being of opinion that the reference of house being of opinion that Tin.) a

read, as follows: Whereas, The house being of opinion that the reference of house bill \$265 to the commit-tee on revision of the laws was incorrect under the rules.

the rules. Be it resolved etc., That said committee be discharged from its further consideration, and that the same be referred to the committee on

ways and means. Over this and the points of order growing out of it, the House spent the day, adjourning after midnight without reaching a vote.

after midnight without reaching a vote. March 25.—In the Senate Mr. Cameron (Rep., Pa.) introduced a joint resolution providing for a commission to consider and report what legislation is needed for the better regulation of commerce among the states, the commis-sion to consist of three senators, three repre-sentatives and three citizens, to be appointed by the President, who shall sit during the recess and inquire into the conditions that will most favorably affect the transportation of commerce among the states carried by land and water routes, securing thereby to the peo-ple the required facilities at the lowest rates, greatest certainty and economy in time, that will prevent unjust discriminations, and to report their recommendations to the next con-gress. Mr. Cameron spoke in support of the resolution, which was referred to the commit-tee on commerce.

tee on commerce. The bill incorporating the national educa-tional association, and the bill amending the act of 1879, authorizing the issue of twenty year 5 per cent. bonds of the District of Columbia, were passed, also several private bills. omerce.

bills. In the House the Speaker stated that he yes-terday submitted the question to the house whether Monday's journal should be read before Tuesday's journal had been approved. He thought it just and equitable to submit a similar question relative to Wednesday's

Mr. Fernando Wood (Dem., N. Y.), as Mr. Fernando Wood (Dem., N. Y.), as a means for an anneable adjustment of the dif-foulty, advised that the journals of Monday, Tuesday and Wedneaday be approved, and im-mediately thereafter, without debate that the house should vote on the following resolu-

Resolved, That the committee on the revision of the laws be discharged from the further con-sideration of the bill introduced by Mr. Town-shend, and that it be referred to the committee

on ways and means. After a rambling debate which took up the whole session, Mr. Townshend's bill was final-ly referred to the committee on ways and

March 26.—The senate was not in session. The House held a short session. The speaker called the committees for reports of a private

The morning hour was consumed in consid-The morning hour was consumed in consid-eration of private bills, and the House then entered upon a long and uninteresting dis-cussion as to whether a two-thirds vote was re-quisite under the rules to lay aside private business and proceed to the consideration of unbills bills. ublic bills.

Without determining the point, the House went into committee of the whole(Mr. McLean in the chair) on the private calendar; and, without disposing of any bill, the commit-tee rose, and the House adjourded till to-mor-

reached the main building. It is the largest building in New England, and cost \$1,500,-March 29.—In the Senate on motion of Mr. Wallace (Dem., Ps), a communication from the Secretary of State in response to the senate resolution calling for information concerning action under the Spanish claims treaty of 1819 was referred to the committee on foreign rela-tions, with instructions to make such recom-mendation to the senate as seems proper under the circumstances. The excess of exports over imports for the twelve months ended February 29, 1880, were \$212,298,963; for the twelve months ended February 28, 1879, \$293,762.167.

ALT-Baginsw, \$1 50 coarse, \$1.85. daga fine, \$1.50; coarse, \$1.85. FRONTABLES - Lettude, \$1 25; spinage, Storegater plant, \$00:

Inhes 60@60cts, --5 @ 5% c per pound. -Hickory \$5.25 @ 6.00 per cord; maple 66.35; beech and maple, \$4 50 @ 5 50; soft \$3.50.

Detroit Stock Market.

Detroit Stock Market. At the Michigan Central Yards on Sat-urday the following were the offerings of live stock: cattle, 1,059; hogs, 18,480; sheep, 5,150. The receipes of cattle were large and the market active. Good butch-ering stock advanced 25c per owt, while good shippers' descriptions and the in-ferior grades of butchers' stuff declined the same amount. Transactions were as follows: 2 helies, av 885 lbs, at \$3 00 per owt; 2 cows, 3 helfers, av 818 lbs, at \$3 25 per owt; 6 mixed butchering head, av 872 lbs, at \$3 25 per cwt; 38 good steers, av 1,314 lbs, at \$4 40 per cwt; 38 good steers, av 1,314 lbs, at \$4 55 per cwt; 23 steers, av 4,666 lbs, at \$3 65 per cwt; 4 mixed head, av 860 lbs, at \$3 66 per cwt; 4 good steers, av 1,118 lbs, at \$4 25 per cwt; 12 light butcli-ers', av 754 lbs, at \$3 50 per cwt; 6 butcher-ing head, av 829 lbs at \$3 30 per cwt; 2 cows, av 1,010 lbs, at \$3 50 per cwt; 14 extra butchering head, av 1,062 lbs, at \$4 129 per cwt; 9 stockers, av 4,030 lbs, at \$3 75 per cwt; 10 stockers, av 1,030 lbs, at \$3 00 per cwt; 9 choice steers, av 1,486 lbs, at \$4 75 per cwt; 14 steers, av 1,043 lbs, at \$4 75 per cwt; 14 steers, av 1,043 lbs, at \$4 75 per cwt; 14 steers, av 1,043 lbs, at \$4 75 per cwt; 14 steers, av 1,043 lbs, at \$4 75 per cwt; 14 steers, av 1,043 lbs, at \$4 75 per cwt; 14 steers, av 1,043 lbs, at \$4 75 per cwt; 14 steers, av 1,043 lbs, at \$4 75 per cwt; 14 steers, av 1,043 lbs, at \$4 75 per cwt; 16 steers, av 1,045 lbs, at \$4 75 per cwt; 16 steers, av 1,045 lbs, at \$4 75 per cwt; 16 steers, av 1,045 lbs, at \$4 75 per cwt; 17 steers, av 1,045 lbs, at \$4 75 per cwt; 16 steers, av 1,045 lbs, at \$4 75 per cwt; 16 steers, av 1,045 lbs, at \$4 75 per cwt; 16 steers, av 1,045 lbs, at \$4 75 per cwt; 16 steers, av 1,045 lbs, at \$4 75 per cwt; 16 steers, av 1,045 lbs, at \$6 35 per cwt; 188, at 86 00 per cwt; 105, av 74 lbs, at \$6 40 per cwt; 198, av 97 lbs, at \$6 25 per cwt; 178, av 94 lbs, at 86 00 per cwt; 105, av 74 lbs, at \$6 10 per cwt; 178, av 94 lbs, at \$6 30 per cwt; 108, av 97 lb At the Michigan Central Yards on Sat

at \$6 25 per owt.

The hog market was dull at \$4@4 50 per cwt.

The English Grain Market. LONDON; March 23 .- The Mark Lane Express says: The weather has been cold Lipress says: The weather has been cold but sunny. Spring sowing has proceed-ed favorably and the agricultural situa-tion may be regarded as promising. There has been an advance of fully is in home grown wheat, both at Mark Lane and in the country, in consequence of supplies having teen unusually small and millers operating more freely. This marked diminution in supplies indicates marked diminution in supplies indicates the low ebb to which the reserves of last year's scanty crop have fallen, rather than the disinclification of holders to part with their produce. The imports of for-eign wheat have continued moderate. There has been improved demand at an advanced of 6d to 1s per quarter. Good trade was done in all varieties, and sales, though of retail character, were numer-ous. There has also been some conti-nental inquiry. The exports for the past five weeks exceeded 24,600 quarters.

tive weeks exceeded 24,000 quarters. The increased inquiry for the past fort-night is very significant, as the unusually favorable weather for agriculture would, in an ordinary season, have justified the millers in working stocks down as close miners in working stocks dewn as close as possible. But the attitude of the American ring is being watched with feverish nin anxiety, and, unlessoreseen circumstances should arise to weaken the strength which America appears to possess, the time cannot be far distant when the wants of western Europe will cause a rush to get in at the beaut

cause a rush to get in at the lowest

Barley remains dull, but all other feed-ing stuffs participated in the improve-ments. Maize on the spot, in consequence of extreme scarcity, sold as high as 29s

Recollections of Gen. Cass.

While on the subject of anecdotes of great men, allow me to relate one of den. Cass. After the defeat of the Quintuple Treaty through the inter-vention of the American minister at Paris, Lord Brougham denounced Gen. Cass by name in the English parlia-ment, because he defeated a secret reaty which would have given the British government the right to search American vessels on the high seas He branded Gen. Cass as the "very impersonation of mob hestility to England; as one who, having been sent

Paris for that purpose, after pacific re-lations had been established between France and America did his best to

break it, whether by circulation of statements upon the question of inter-national law of which he (Gen. Cass) had no more conception than of the languages spoken in the moon, or by any arguments of reason, for which he had no more capacity than he had for understanding legal points and differcnces." "For that purpose he was not above pandering to the worst mob of the United States," and the mob feeling he characterized as composed of "a lawless set of rabble politicians of inferior caste and station"—as "a grovelling groundling set of politicians"-a "set of mere rabble, as contradistinguished from persons of property or respectability and of information," etc. It was because of such attack that threats of mobbing Gen. Cass were made if he dared visit England. He did visit England, and was not mobbed.

On his return to France, in crossing the channel between Dover and Calais, he remarked to a passenger that the English might brag as much as they pleased about their steamships, but they were not equal to ours. "Fo: whom do you take me?" said the "Fo" stranger. "For an American," was the reply. "I am an American, it is true, by birth, but I have cut the country, and wish to be considered an Englishman," said the passenger. "Indeed," said Gen. Cass, viewing the person with contempt; "America has lost much by your cut of the country!"— They parted. Neither knew the name of the other. Some weeks after, Gen. Cass, in the dusk of the evening, was in his office, when a visitor was an-nounced. He recognized him as his late fellow-passenger on the steamship. After giving his name, the fellow said there was to be a presentation at Court to the King, and he wished to get a ticket of introduction.—The General man," said the passenger. "Indeed," replied that very few tickets were given to each legation, and those given list you said had become so monotongiven to each legation, and those given to him he must reserve for his fellow-countrymen." "You had better," he added, "apply to the British minister." "But I am an American," said the visi-tor, "and this is the reason I apply to you." "It is true," said Gen. Cass, "you are an American by birth, but you yourself told me, while crossing the channel, that you had cut your coun-

yourself told me, while crossing the channel, that you had cut your coun-try and wished to be considered an Englishman. If the English minister considers you an Englishman he will give you a ticket. All I have will be given to those who in heart, are Amerper quarter. The supply of maize on given to those who, in heart, are Amer- then, if you don't ask me if the audian citizens." And then, and not until then, the fellow discovered in the they are here, and what I do with all mortar-where oil has not been usedtil then, the fellow discovered in the farmer-like passenger on the steam-ship Gen. Cass, the American minis-feel that I ought to be in boarding-durable as any paint. To make any ship Gen. Cass, the American minis-ter at Paris. Whether he got a ticket from the English minister or not is but a conjecture.—*Cincinnati* En [reel that I ought to be in boarding-school instead of on the stage, as I'm so young, and if I don't find it very em-barrassing to have all the men so mad-RINGWORM.—This is an eruption

to Isaac Toucey, then Secretary of the Navy, on the results of the Atrato Ex-pedition. Lieut. Cravens left the Gulf of Darien on the 9th of December, 1858, and sailed up the Atrato River. From the Atrato he sailed a-

In a paper read by Dr. D. H. St. Joh Roosa at the recent meeting of a Medical Society of the State of Ne York, he stated that the most freque long the Truando, and then up the Nu-quah Rivers to the mountains, cross-ing over to the Pacific, where he arriv-ed on the 22d of January. The length of the route is sixty-five miles. Lieut. Cravens reported that to build a canal over the route would require the ser-vices of 20,000 men for twenty-one years. He reported it impossible to build a safe harbor on the Pacific end years. He reported it impossible to build a safe harbor on the Pacific end of the route, and pronounced the pro-ject impracticable. Stance, take cold, and yet the majority of mankind have, at some time, suffer ed from cold in the head. The popular idea that a cold in the head is an insi-nificant affair is founded on the factors Interviewing an Actress.

Maybe the reporter didn't know how to interview an actress, and maybe that's why he had so much trouble. Having sent up his card and been ad-Having sent up his card and been ad-mitted to her presence, he stated his business, and she said, languidly: "I'm sorry you've come; I don't fancy you newspaper men, and hate being inter-viewed." Maybe he knew this was just said for effect, and that she would'nt miss the interview for a heap,

but he replied, "Oh, well, then, I won't cess of their victim trouble you. Sorry I intruded. Good cold in the head. day." However, she got to the door He described the He described the suffering incid day." However, she got to the door first and said, "Oh, now you're here, I'll oblige you." And he answered, "Oh, no; wouldn't trouble you for the world." "But it won't be very much trouble." "Well, never mind; I don't care particularly about it." "But— but—in—fact—it will be a pleasure. to an acute attack of cold in the head and of the impossibility of having re peated attacks without producing sen ous local change—not only local change but a permanent impairment of nut tion. The first great precaution to be taken by each individual is to kee I only object because reporters always ask the same questions, and then don't and to do that he must studious ask the same questions, and then don't and to do that he indst-studious print just what you say." "Well, I'll avoid all that tends to disorder the skin and the functions of all the organs of the body. Children must be clothed in fiannel all the year round, and must be

question!" Steps on her lap dog-ad-dresses dog. "Drat your pelt, get out!" all kinds are to be used only as the greatest of luxuries, and therefore in Then she observed him writing, and small quantities and at long intervals asked what he was doing. He replied: The community can only becom

ence everywhere are as enthusiastic as to wood, smooth or rough, to brick, RINGWORM .- This is an eruption running in curved lines, generally in a circle, that itches when rubbed, or when the body is heated. The tincture one ounce of water throw more blue vitriel than it will dissolve, so as to form what is technically called a saturated solution. Touch the parts with this solution several times a day. LOCKJAW AND CROUP --- A medical authority says:---'Let anyone who has an attack of lockjaw take a small quartity of spirits of turpentine; warm it and pour it into the wound-no matter what the wound is, or what its nature is-and relief will follow in less than one minute. Nothing better can be applied to a severe cut or bruise that applied to a severe cut or bruise that cold turpetine; it will give certain re-lief almost instantly. Turpentine is also a sovereign remedy for croup. Saturate a piece of flannel with it, and place the flannel on the throat and chest; in every case three to five drops the glycerides of which the fat had on a lump of sugar may be taken inwardly. Every family should have a bottle of turpentine.

THE HOUSEHOLD.

Evils of Cold in the Head.

York, he stated that the most freque origin of chronic diseases of the lad rymal passages, of the conjunctiva, a of the middle ear, is in a neglect "cold in the head." It is generally on ceded that no person in perfect h except under extraordinary cir stance, take cold, and yet the ma that most of the people recover to such an extent that they are able to about afterward and engage their ordinary avocations without cial notice, at the time, of the co quences of the disease, which ma even then be settled upon them. Hels lieved that very many of the maladia which prevented men and women from reaching the allotted period of three score and ten have their origin in the colds; and that many serious affection which act as an impediment to the sub cess of their victim are dated from

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Recipes.

won't marry them — if you don't ask me those questions, I won't say anoth-er blessed word! So there! And if you print what I've said I'll sue you Blue vitriol is a milder remedy. Into

seated themserves. Then he asked: "How did you cele-brate your 34th birthday?" "Eh?"--jumping up--"what d'ye mean, sir? You're a mean wretch to ask such a

such things! I never heard such ques-

duct in several ways. On and afterApril 1 the Detroit, Grand Haven and Milwaukee resumes its through passenger traffic to Chicago, Milwaukee and all points west and north-west.

The schooner Erastus Corning passed down the Detroit river Saturdsy afternoon in tow, bound from Port Huron to Buffalo. This is bound from Port Huron to Bunato. This is the first sail vessel that has cleared from the rivers for Buffalo. The Corning was the first vessel to pass through the rivers from Chicago last season, the date of that passage being the first of May.

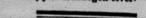
A barn on the premises of A. J. Newels, in Faymouth, Saginaw county, was destroyed by fire Sunday night. Three horses, a quantity of harness and other property were consumed. Loss \$800; no insurance.

Loss \$800; no insurance. A dispatch dated at Northport, on Monday says: A German named Adam Dagenkolb, liv-ing four miles from this place, cut his throat with a table-knife at noon te-day. Four months ago his wife, an insane woman, myste-riously disappeared and was supposed to have been lost in the woods. To-day s large crowd of citizens, mistrusting foul play, assembled at Dagenkolb's homestead in the woods, to in-vestigate the premises, and had commenced to dig out an old well that had recently been filled up, when Dagenkolb made an excuse to go up sairs to change his coat and then cut his throat from ear to ear. His wife was

go up stairs to change his coat and then cut his throat from ear to ear. His wife was found wrapped in an old blanket in the bot-tom of the well, with her throat cut. She had been murdered in cold blood by her husband, who culminated the awful tragedy by taking is own life.

The Mineral Springs house, in the second ward, Ann Arbor, was burned Monday night. There had been no fire in the building since the previous Saturday, and the cause is un-known. Drs. Gatchell. of Milwaukee, and W. J. Calvert, of Jackson, are the owners of the building. It was valued at twelve thousan

Mr. T. D. Stimson, of Big Rapids, has closed an eighly-five thousand dollar bargain for pine land, he being the purchaser and S. N. Wil-cox, of Chicago, the seller. The land is located on the the upper Muskegon river.



Detroit in Brief.

Col. Lochhead, convicted in the U.S. District court of making fraudulent entries in a Flint bank, was on Tuesday sentenced to the House of Correction for five years.

The Russell wheel and foundry company, which occupies the brick building near the river front east of Walker street, had a new brick tussed roof building in process of erec-tion, which fell Tuesday severely injuring three workmen and doing much damage.

The annual meeting of the Fort Street Pres-pyterian church was held Wednesday evening byterian church was held Wednesday ovening. The amount received from pew rentals the past year was \$8,424 21; amount on account of building fund, \$1,909 50; amount contri buted, for benevolent purposes, \$6,779 51.

On Wednesday afternoon at about 3 o'clock Mrs. Catherine Whipple Trowbridge, the ven-erable wife of the Hon. C. C. Trowbridge, died of apoplexy at her home, 494 Jefferson avenue. Mrs. Trowbridge was the eldest daughter of the late Judge Solomon Sibley, and was one of the most highly esteemed and respected la-dies of Detroit.

The Michigan Dental Association began its annual sessions at theBrunswick House Thurs-

Mr. Hiram Walker has offered to be one persons to make up the defiler railway bonus.

Bergt. Wm. H. Baxter of the Police Force. aving been confirmed as Fire Marshal, will ender his resignation to the Police Commis-ioners at their next meeting.

County Treasurer Crosby has forwarded to ansing the whole amount of state taxes col-ected up to date. The total tax levy of Wayne ounty was \$403,969.11, of which 185,407.96 was or state purposes, and the balance for county xpenses. Of the whole sum only about \$30,-00 remains uncollected. The taxes have never efore been so promptly or so fully collected a Wayne county.

Wayne county. Mrs. Catherine D. C. Palms, wife of Francis alms, of this city, and a lady who has con-inuously resided in Detroit for two thirds of century, died Sunday evening of inflamma-century, died Sunday evening of inflamma-

Eugene Fairfax Williamson, the writer of letters purporting to be signed by the Rev. Dr. Dix, has been indicted.

PERSONAL.

The steamer City of Mexico, with Gen. Grant and party aboard, arrived at Galveston Texas, on Tuesday all safe, after a stormy pasage.

Jacob Stauffer, a well known scientist of Lancster, Pa., died Monday night, aged seven ty-two.

Hon Anson C. Allen, well-known in Wis-consin, died in Milwaukee, Tuesday, aged foty-

Goy, Croswell and Miss Lizzie L. M of Charlotte were married Thursday at the residence of her brother-in-law, H. A. Lee, in Lansing. The wedding was a very quiet affair. Only the relatives of the respective families were present.

Gen. H. E. Payne, commissioner of patents, has tendered his resignation, to take effect as soon as the unfinished business of his office can be disposed of. Gen. Payne says that the reason of his resigning is because the position is unremunerative.

A dispatch from Gen. Grant says that he will visit San Antenio, and will not reach New Orleans until March 31.

Queen Victoria and the Princes Beatrice left Windsor Thursday for Germany.

Windsor Thursday for Germany. A man named Bennett, formerly employed as engineer in the Toronto Globe newspaper office, but who was discharged for misconduct, entered the room of the Hon. Geo. Brown at the office Thursday and made a deliberate attempt to assassinate him. Without a word of warning he aimed a postol at Brown's head, who was sitting at his deak. On hearing the intruder Brown rose, and as he did so received a bullet in his thigh.

President Angell has accepted the Chinese mission, and has been granted leave of absence from his duties as President of the University. He left for Washington Friday morning and if he goes to China he will be accompanied by his family. He expects to leave within the next 30 days and to be absent about a year. It is understood that Professor Frieze will act as President of the University in the meantime. President of the University in the meantime. Mr. Markle, of Michigan, now Assistant At-torney-General of the Interior Department, is prominently spoken of as the coming Com-missioner of Patents, vice Gen. Prince, resign-

President Angell, Mrs. Angell and A. C. Ingell left Ann Arbor for Washington on riday. The President will be absent about a Friday. veek.

The Hon. Wm. H. Ferry, prominently identi-fied with the business and railroad increats of Chicago and the northwest, died at his home in Lake Forest Friday night. He was vice-president and manager of the Chicago, St. Paul and Minnespolis railway, and a cousin of Senator Forry of Michigan.

The supreme court of New York granted an order Saturday for the arrest of Dion Bouci-cault in the divorce suit brought by his wife Agnes Robertsoni

President Hayes, Secretaries Evarts and Ramsey, Mrs. Hayes and Miss Cook left Mor-day for New York to attend the opening exhi-bition of the academy of design.

CONGRESS

rch 28 .- In the Senate the bill inco ing the National Educational Association was discussed. Messrs. Cockrell (Dem., Mo.), Here-ford (Dem., W. Va.), and Ingalia (Rep., Ks.), opposed the measure as outside the juris-diction of congress. Messrs. Bailey (Dem., Tenn.) and Hoar (Rep., Mass.) fayored it as constitutional and in the interests of national education

ducation Mr. Edmunds (Rep., Vt.) presented the me-morial of Mr. McBride, calling attention to the exclusion of gentiles from lands in Utah by the present system of locating sites. Re-

Mr. Allison (Rep., Is), by request, inter-Muced a bill appropriating money for the erec-tion of a menitentiary in Dakots territory.

In the House Mr. Conger (Rep., Mich.) said that in examining the Record this morning the found that a bill relating to the whole question of the tariff and amending thirty sections of the revised statutes had been re-

mendation to the senate as seems proper under the circumstances. Mr. Conkling presented the petition of the Buffalo board of trade for an appropriation of thirty thousand dollars for an examination and survey for the line of alack water navi-gation connecting Lake Superior and the Mississippi and the Bed River of the North. Beferred. In the House, under the call of the states, the following bills, etc., were introduced and

By Mr. Herbert (Dem , Als.), by requ

By Mr. Herbert (Dem, Als.), by request, pre-scribing and defining the manner of guaran-teeing to each state a republican form of gov-erament. It provides that whenever the Presi-dent shall ascertain that there exists a contro-versy between two organized bodies of a state, each claiming to be the legislature of the state, and such controversy cannot be determined by the lawfully constituted authorities of the state without resort to military force, he shall communicate the fact to the senate, which shall determine which, if either, of the two bodies is the legislature of the state.

FOREIGN

The extraordinary cold: weather in France has severely injured the grape vines, so much so that it is feared that this year's crop will again be very poor. The vines in Burgundy, more especially in Campagne, suffered unusual-

A Chilian force of about ten tho

A Chilian force of about ten thousand men, with cavalry and abundant artillery, landed at Ilo, Pera, February 25. Ilo is about sixty miles north of Arica, where is a Peruvian force of about ten thousand. At a point twenty miles south of Ilo, the Chilians landed a force of three thousand men. An attack is expected by land and sea on Arica. The position of the Peruvian commander is deemed critical. A car-ge of arms has been landed at Callao.

The decrees against unsuthorised religious societies were published Tuesday by the French Government. The first concerns Jesuits only, while the second affects all unsuthorized con-gregations. The first decree says that the gov-ernment, considering that further tolerance cannot be extended to a society against which cannot be extended to a society against which the national sentiment has declared itself, have resolved to dissolve the association, and establishments occupied by its members must be closed and vacated within three months, which period may be prolonged until August 31 in case of educational establishments at-tached to the society.

DETROIT MARKETS

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Amber 1 15@1 23 Amber 1 10@1 50 per 100 lbs. Oons-40@44c per bash. Oars-55@55c per bush. SEEDS-Clover \$4 10@4 10 per ba; Timothy,

48 0028 15. -83 5024 00 per bbl. From store, 40c a peck. -Unpicked 70c@ \$1 00 per bush, fics APPLES

DRIED APPLES-Choice Cape Cod per bbl. DRIED APPLES-7@8 ots. per lb. DRIED PRACHES-15@18c per lb. Eccs-Fresh 9@10 ets. FISE-Whitefish, 66 25@6 50 per

Hores - Stock 9010 cts, FISH-Whitefish, #6 3506 50 per half barrel trout #4 2504 50 per half bbl. HAT-#13 00016 50 per ton; baled #16017. HIDES-Green, 6075 per lb.; cured, 8085 c sheep-skins 7502 50; green calf, 11c oured, 11012c; dry 30 @ 25 c; horse hides, #1 0001 50 cach.

-somst e per lb. Comb, 14

PLE SUGAR-11@12c per lb. 1035-State \$6 00 @ 8 50 per bbl. IS-Wisconsin Blue \$1 80@1 90 per bu field, 85 @ 90 cts. ATOMS-From store 40 @ 45 c per bu; car loads, \$2@\$5cts.

American shipments have subsided, steady trade at about the pres-ent quetations may be expected until America has disposed of her wheat. Arrivals at ports of call have been moderate. In consequence of unseason-able weather and advices of lower prices

from America cargoes barely maintained last Monday's advanec. Only two car-goes of maize arrived, which were held goes of maize arrived, which were held above market value, which was about 28. A fair amount of business was done in wheat for shipment early in the week, but the greater part of last Monday's advance has since been lost. There was a good demand for maize. Sales of Eng-lish wheat last week 24,336 quarters, at 46s 1d per quarter, against 50,041 quar-ters, at 40s 8d the corresponding week last year. The imports into the United Kingdom for the week ending the 13th were 796,851 cwt. wheat, 151,616 cwt. flour.

lour.

Ailments of Canaries.

Fits are caused by weakness, either constitutional or the result of injudi-cious treatment. Under this last head may be claimed glutting, injudicious pairing, as by keeping a male bird with too many hens. When caused by fright, give air and sprinkle with co'd water. When brought on by exposure

to the sun, smelling salts and cold water may revive the bird. Whatever the nature of the fit, the bird subject to it requires the plainest food, with

an occasional dose of castor oil. In surfeit there is irritation of the skin, and a slight eruption, and the bird gets gradually bald. The cause, is an error in the feeding; and a return to the natural diet, with some opening

medicine (Epsom salts is best-a few grains in the water), the exhibition of green food (a little lemon juice and three or four grains of chlorate of pot-ash should also be placed in the drinking water), will not fail to remove it. The head should be annointed, with the purest, simplest ointment you can

Pip is a term applied to a small swelling on the bird's rump, caused by the obliteration of the excretory canal of the lubricating gland placed there. When it is seen to contain matter, it should be opened with a new sewing-needle, and a little cold cream rubbed gently over it. Then give an aperient.

and keep the cage very clean. Cramp is a common complaint among birds kept in a filthy state and among birds kept in a fithy state and in small "poky" cages. It may proceed, too, from indigestion; but from what-ever causes it arises, it should be looked upon as merely symptomatic. Give the bird a few drops of castor oil, and put a little laudanum in the water for a day or two. If in the limbs, it may

be removed by immersing them in warm water, and afterwards hanging

the cage in a comfortable place quite away from all draughts.

The claws and even the beak get elongated. The cure is to shorten the claws or beak with a pair of sharp nail-scissors, but it should be done care-fully, and not too much taken off. For sore feet, get rid of all source of irrita-tion, such as a dirty cage. The feet, after being carefully scraped, should be washed, and afterwards annointed with cold cream. For fractured limbs take all perches down, and fill the bottom of the cage with hay. Trust to nature to do the rest.—English Live tock Journal.

Plants, like animals, differ much in

heir habit and the different sorts of

Peanuts.

The manner in which the nuts are separated, cleaned and classed is somewhat as follows: The third story of the building contains thousands of bushels of peas in bags, and there the

continual roar of the machinery is deafening. Each machine has a duty to perform. First, there is a large

placed, in order that the dust and dirt may be shaken off them. They pass from the cylinder into the brushes, Then they pass through a sluiceway to the floor below, where they are dropped on an endless belt, about 21-2 feet in width, and dashing along at the rate of four miles an hour. On each side of the belt stand eight colored girls, and as the nuts fall from the sluice on to the belt the girls, with a quick motion of the hand, pick out all of the poor looking nuts, and by the time the belt reaches the end two-

thirds of the nuts are picked off, allow-ing only the finest to pass the crucible. Those that do pass drop through another sluice and empty into bags on the floor below. When the bag is filled it is taken away by hand, sewed up, and branded as "cocks," with the figure of a rooster prominent on its sides.

sides. The peas caught up by the girls are thrown to one side, placed in bags, and carried into another room, where they are again picked over, the best singled out, bagged and branded as "ships." These are as fine a nut as the first for cating but in shape and color do not eating, but in shape and color do not compare with the "cocks." Having poured into a vase, and carefully sealed a third grade, which are called and branded as "eagles." These are picked out of the cullings of the "cocks" and "ships," but now and then you will find a respectable looking nut among them, though the eyes of the colored damaels are as keen so perfect that it was only slightly rancid, and had fully re-tained the chemical properties of gen-uine butter, the fat not having been them, though the eyes of the colored damsels are as keen as a hawk, and a bad nut is rarely allowed to pass their hands. The cuilings that are left from the "eagles" are bagged, sent through the elevator to the top story,

and what little meat is in them is shaken out by a patent sheller, which shaken out by a patent sheller, which is not only novel, but as perfect a piece of machinery as was ever invent-ed. The nuts being shelled by this new process, the meat drops into bags below free from dust or dirt of any kind, and are then shipped in two-hundred pound sacks to the North, where they are hought up to the conwhere they are bought up by the conwhere they are bought up by the con-fectioners for the purpose of making d taffy or peanut candy. It may be here stated that a peculiar kind of oil is extracted from the meat of the nut, and in this specialty a large trade is done among the wholesale druggists. There is nothing wasted, for even the challs are made useful. They are not shells are made useful. They are pack-ed in sacks and sold to stablekeepers for horse-bedding, and a very healthy bed they make.—*Philadelnhia Times*.

THE ISTHMUS CANAL -- In respo

to a resolution of the House, Secretary

ly in love with me, and several bank directors committing suicide because I

Ancient Butter

At a meeting of the Society of Pubto perform. First, there is a large lic Analysis, in London, a paper by cylinder in which all the nuts are Professor Church and Mr. Wigner "on two ancient samples of butter," was read, of which the Chemical News gives the following abstract: The first was where every nut receives fifteen feet of brushing before it becomes free. probable age was judged to be about 1,000 years. The sample contains nearly 4 per cent of curd, which consisted partly of vegetable matter derived from the bog, but contained quite enough animal matter to prove that the butter had been originally made from animal milk, and was not a mere artificial fat. Its fatty character had however, been entirely changed, and originally consisted had been decom-posed so as to leave simply a mixture of the fatty acids which constitute the

acid portion of animal fats. The but-ter had in fact become changed into a substance closely resembling in character and composition the substance of MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD. which good composite candles are composed. The result is singular, as show-

ing that length of time combined with GOING WEST. Mail Exp. Exp. Exp. Exp. Exp. Ypsilanti...... Ann Arbor

over. This sample was probably tion had been so perfect that it was

UTILITY OF ICE .- Fish freezing is the latest development of Anglo-Indian industry. The fish, oysters, and prawns obtained both at Bombay and Calcutta are famous all over India, but the enormous distances these frail comestibles have to travel prevent Anglo-Indians in the interior of the country from enjoying them. The novel in-dustry now inaugurated at Bombay will, how matgurated at Bombay will, however, meet the difficulty. Oysters and ses fish, if frozen up in solid blocks of ice, can be kept per-fectly fresh for several days, while the ce itself remains untainted and as serviceable as ever for cooling drinks. serviceable as ever for cooling drinks. The fish are suspended in wire nets in the freezing water, while the oysters, stripped of their shells, are first stewed with their juice in air-tight cans, and are then frozen in the blocks the same way as the fish. One of these huge slabs of crystal ice filled with a collec-tion of many sorts of fish is about as

Live this day as if the lest .- Bishop Kerr.

MAIN LINE

Time Table.-November 16. 1879-

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Galesburg

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Grass Lake

Ann Arbor..

Three Oaks New Buffalo..... Michigan City....

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